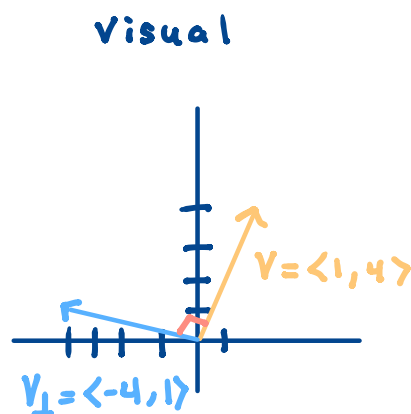


1. Take $V = \langle 1, 4 \rangle$. Determine V_{\perp} .

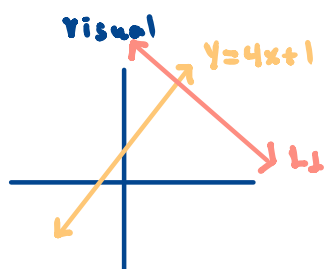
$$V_{\perp} = \langle -4, 1 \rangle$$



2. If L is the line given by $y = 4x + 1$, write an equation for the line perpendicular to L that passes through $(3, 4)$.

$$y = 4x + 1 \quad \text{Slope } m = 4 \quad \text{Vector } V = \langle 1, 4 \rangle \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{Perpendicular line } V_{\perp} = \langle -4, 1 \rangle \text{ or } m_{\perp} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -\frac{1}{4}(x-3) + 4 \\ &= -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{3}{4} + 4 \\ &= -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{19}{4} \\ &\text{final answer} \end{aligned}$$



3. Take L to be the line $y = 4x + 1$. Find the point on L that is closest to the point $(3, 4)$.

$$L(x) = 4x + 1$$

$$L_{\perp}(x) = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{19}{4} \quad \text{line perpendicular to } L \text{ that passes through } (3, 4)$$

Determine x so that

$$4x + 1 = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{19}{4}$$

$$4x + \frac{1}{4}x = \frac{19}{4} - 1$$

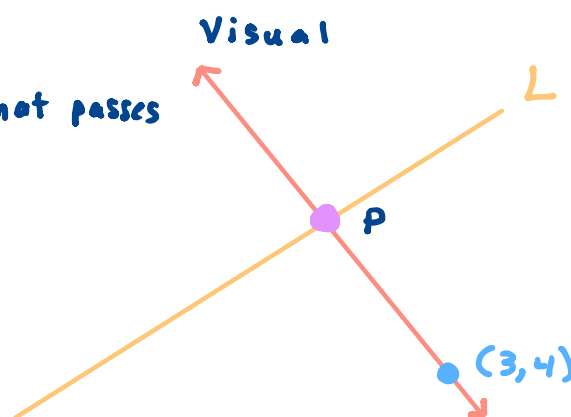
$$\frac{16}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}x = \frac{19}{4} - \frac{4}{4}$$

$$\frac{17}{4}x = \frac{15}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{15}{17}$$

Point p is

$$P = \left(\frac{15}{17}, L\left(\frac{15}{17}\right) \right) = \left(\frac{15}{17}, 4\left(\frac{15}{17}\right) + 1 \right) = \left(\frac{15}{17}, \frac{77}{17} \right) \text{ final answer}$$



4. Reflect the point $(3, 4)$ across the line $y = 4x + 1$.

Determine M , the point on $L = 4x + 1$ closest to $(3, 4)$.

The point is

$$M = \left(\frac{15}{17}, \frac{77}{17} \right).$$

Determine vector V that moves $(3, 4)$ to M .

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \left(\frac{15}{17}, \frac{77}{17} \right) - (3, 4) \\ &= \left\langle -\frac{36}{17}, \frac{9}{17} \right\rangle. \end{aligned}$$

The desired point is

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 2V + (3, 4) \\ &= \left(-\frac{72}{17} + 3, \frac{18}{17} + 4 \right) \\ &= \left(-\frac{21}{17}, \frac{86}{17} \right) \\ &\quad \text{final answer} \end{aligned}$$

